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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/785,504	02/24/2004	Mansour H. Mohamed	1100-041	9905	
4678	7590 08/03/2005		EXAMINER		
	MASON PLLC NE STREET, SUITE 16	00	EDGAR, RICHARD A		
P. O. BOX 297	•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
GREENSBOR	.O, NC 27402		3745	· · ·	

DATE MAILED: 08/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/785,50)4	MOHAMED, MANSOUR H.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Richard E	dgar	3745				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addres	s			
THE - External control	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLIMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replication of the provision o	136(a). In no eve ly within the state will apply and wi e, cause the appl	ent, however, may a reply be tin story minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. I the mailing date of this commur D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
Status								
1)[🔀]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 F	ebruary 200	04 under 37 CFR 81 5	i3(b)				
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 February 2004 under 37 CFR §1.53(b)</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)								
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 10-12</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>7-9</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from coi						
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10)🛛	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 July 2004</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) b	e held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			•				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have bee s have bee rity docume u (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Applicati ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stag	je			
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary					
3) 🔲 infori	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152))			

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Drawings

The drawings are objected to under 37 C.F.R. § 1.84 (p)(3) because Fig. 5 uses letters and numbers smaller than 1/8 inch in height.

The drawings are objected to under 37 C.F.R. § 1.84 (u)(1) because view numbers must be preceded by the abbreviation "FIG." Also Fig. 3 is not in compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.84 (u)(1) which states, "the different views must be numbered in consecutive Arabic numerals... partial views intended to form one complete view, on one or several sheets, must be identified by the same number followed by a capital letter." Note Figs. 3A, 3B and 3C are not partial views, but different views, and must be numbered consecutively. The brief description of the drawings should be amended correspondingly.

The shading used in the Jeffco calculated and measured bars in Fig. 6 are not easily differentiated from each other. Also, in Fig. 6, the Modar bars do not use any

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type of shading or marking to differentiate the calculated values form the measured values.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Objections

Claims 7-9 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim.

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Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2, 5, 10, 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over United States Patent No. 6,457,943 (Olsen et al. hereinafter) in view of United States Patent No. 5,279,892 (Baldwin et al. hereinafter) in view of United States Patent Application No. 2003/0138290 (Wobben hereinafter).

Olsen et al. show a wind turbine blade spar cap 1 for strengthening a wind blade, comprising: a first end and a second end, corresponding to a root end of the blade and a tip end of the blade (see Fig. 1), the spar cap 1 being capable of being affixed to the blade for providing increased strength (see col. 1, lines 35-36).

Olsen et al. do not teach the material being 3-D woven, nor the spar cap tapering in width between the first and second ends.

Wobben teach a wind turbine blade having a load bearing core profile member 3 which tapers in width between the root and tip ends of the blade (see Fig. 1) for the purpose of reducing the weight of the integral blade.

Baldwin et al. teach a composite blade insert made by weaving composite material in three dimensions (see Figs. 3 and 4), whereby the blade insert is then injected with resin and cut to size during finishing operations (see col. 3, lines 1-10) for the purpose of making a lightweight and strong blade. The fibers 60 arranged in the z-direction secure the fibers 10, 50 of the x- and y-directions (see Fig. 4).

Since Olsen et al. teach a wind turbine blade spar cap made from carbon fibers (col. 2, lines 14-15) and Baldwin et al. teach a carbon fiber (col. 3, lines 47-49) blade made by weaving fibers in three-dimensions, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have the carbon fiber material of Olsen et al. be woven, as taught by Baldwin et al. for the purpose of making a lightweight and strong blade.

Further, since the Olsen et al. reference teaches a reinforcing strip in a wind turbine blade, and Wobben teaches that the reinforcing member in a wind turbine blade should taper widthwise in the radial direction, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the width of the Olsen et al. blade spar cap by tapering the width of the cap along the radial direction, as taught by Wobben, for the purpose of reducing the weight of the integral blade.

Claims 3, 4 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over United States Patent No. 6,457,943 in view of United States Patent No. 5,279,892 in view of United States Patent Application No. 2003/0138290 as applied to claim 1

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above (the modified Olsen et al. reference hereinafter), and further in view of United States Patent No. 6,447,886 (Mohamed et al. hereinafter).

The modified Olsen et al. reference teaches a three-dimensional woven carbon fiber wind turbine blade spar cap which tapers in width in the radial direction (see previous 35 U.S.C. §103 rejection).

The modified Olsen et al. reference does not teach the composite blade comprising E-glass filaments or the blade comprising a hybrid of carbon and E-glass filaments, or the three-dimensional woven structure including an orthogonal three-dimensional system.

Mohamed et al. teach a three-dimensional woven structure comprising an orthogonal three-dimensional system (see Figs. 4-5) comprising a hybrid of materials, including E-glass and carbon fibers (see col. 6, lines 29-39) for the purpose of making a material with enhanced structural properties.

Since the modified Olsen et al. teaches a three-dimensional blade spar cap used for strengthening purposes, and Mohamed et al. teach a three-dimensional material having enhanced structural properties, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the three-dimensional woven carbon fiber material of the modified Olsen et al. so that the three-dimensional structure is orthogonal and the fibers are a hybrid of E-glass filaments and carbon fibers, as taught by Mohamed et al. for the purpose of enhancing the structural properties of the blade.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Richard Edgar whose telephone number is (571) 272-4816. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Thur. and alternate Fri., 7 am- 5 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Look can be reached on (571) 272-4820. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Richard Edgar

Examiner

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